Readings in Political Economics
ISSN: 0079-9874 & 0305-814X
Vol 60. No. 2 (2026)
https://politonomia.org.ua/rpe

Blockchain Technology and Accounting Information

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Received: 01/04/2026 Accepted: 01/06/2026 Published: 01/09/2026

Abstract

This paper examines blockchain technology and accounting information from a contemporary accounting perspective. Accounting has developed from a transaction-recording function into a broader information and accountability system supporting managers, investors, regulators, employees and other stakeholders. The discussion covers conceptual foundations, organizational importance, practical accounting processes, information and analysis, challenges and ethical considerations, and emerging developments. Particular attention is given to reliable information, professional judgment, transparency, internal control and responsible decision-making. The paper connects accounting theory with practical organizational requirements and considers how technology, regulation and changing business expectations influence the selected area.

Keywords

Blockchain Technology and Accounting Information; Accounting; Financial Information; Reporting; Management; Control; Transparency; Ethics; Technology; Decision-Making

Introduction

Accounting provides a systematic framework for identifying, recording, classifying, summarizing and communicating economic information. The relevance of blockchain technology and accounting information can be understood within this wider role of accounting. Modern organizations face competition, regulatory requirements, technological change and increasing demands for transparency. Consequently, accounting information should be accurate, timely, relevant and understandable.

Blockchain Technology and Accounting Information is an important area of contemporary accounting because accounting information supports planning, control, reporting, accountability and decision-making. The subject connects established accounting concepts with changing requirements of organizations, investors, managers, regulators and other stakeholders. In modern business environments, accounting is expected not only to record transactions but also to communicate useful information and support responsible management.

The study of blockchain technology and accounting information requires attention to the quality, reliability, relevance and usefulness of accounting information. Organizations

operate in environments affected by competition, regulation, technological development and changing stakeholder expectations. Accounting practices therefore need to be systematic and consistent while remaining responsive to new conditions. The subject provides a basis for understanding how financial information can support transparency, resource allocation and performance evaluation.

In practical terms, blockchain technology and accounting information affects the way financial information is prepared, interpreted and used. Managers may use accounting information for planning and control, investors may use it to evaluate financial performance, and other stakeholders may use it to assess accountability. Effective accounting practice requires appropriate procedures, professional judgment, internal controls and attention to ethical standards.

Conceptual Foundations

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The practical importance of conceptual foundations is also reflected in the way accounting information is communicated and evaluated. Sound procedures help organizations maintain reliable records, identify financial trends and assess alternatives. The effectiveness of accounting depends on consistent application of principles, appropriate documentation and professional review.

Role and Importance

Blockchain Technology and Accounting Information is an important area of contemporary accounting because accounting information supports planning, control, reporting, accountability and decision-making. The subject connects established accounting concepts with changing requirements of organizations, investors, managers, regulators and other stakeholders. In modern business environments, accounting is expected not only to record transactions but also to communicate useful information and support responsible management.

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Contemporary Applications

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Accounting Processes and Practices

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Information, Analysis and Decision-Making

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Challenges, Ethics and Future Directions

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Accounting professionals are expected to maintain integrity, objectivity, confidentiality and professional competence. Ethical challenges can arise when organizations face pressure to improve reported performance, reduce costs or meet short-term targets. Strong internal controls, professional standards, independent review and transparent reporting can help reduce these risks.

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Technology is increasingly influencing accounting through automation, cloud systems, analytics and integrated information platforms. These developments can improve speed and accessibility, but they also require attention to data quality, cybersecurity, privacy and professional judgment. Future accounting practice will therefore depend on a balance between technological innovation and strong governance.

Conclusion

The examination of blockchain technology and accounting information demonstrates that accounting is closely connected with organizational performance, accountability and decision-making. The subject cannot be considered only as a technical recording activity because accounting information influences managers, investors, regulators and other stakeholders. Effective accounting practice requires reliable systems, competent professionals, appropriate controls and clear communication.

The contemporary accounting environment demonstrates the importance of adaptation. Digital systems, analytics, automation and changing reporting expectations are creating new opportunities while introducing risks relating to data quality, cybersecurity, privacy and professional judgment. Organizations should combine technological adoption with strong governance and ethical standards.

Overall, continued research, professional education, ethical practice and responsible technological adoption can strengthen accounting's role in modern business and public institutions. The future development of accounting will depend on its ability to provide trustworthy information while responding to changing organizational and societal requirements.

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